

<u>Timeline</u>	<u>Topic</u>	Key concepts and knowledge	<u>Skills development</u>	<u>Rationale</u>
7 weeks	Mis vacaciones	Talking about a past holiday Saying what you did on holiday Describing the last day on holiday Saying what your holiday was like Giving a presentation about a holiday Describing an amazing holiday	preterite of ir	In the context of holidays, pupils will learn and understand how to describe events in the past as well as embed and build upon previous knowledge and vocabulary learnt in year 7.
			distinguishing between present and preterite verb forms we' form of -ar verbs in present/preterite - using near-cognates and sounds to work out the meaning of new words preterite of regular -ar, -er and -ir verbs preterite of ir and ser negative with no	



7 weeks	Todo sobre mi vida	Coving what you use your phase for	propert topog of regular, or ir or yorks full	This module will further develop
/ weeks	10do sobre mi vida	Saying what you use your phone for	present tense of regular -ar, -ir, -er verbs, full paradigm (revision)	knowledge and skills previously
		Saying what type of music you like	present tense of stem-changing	acquired during year 7.
			verbs (revision)	In addition, pupils should be able to
		Talking about TV	using the 'you' form	talk about digital technology with a
		On in what was did waterday.	in questions	particular emphasis on forming and
		Saying what you did yesterday	Me gusta + the definite article	answering questions (a really important part of foreign language
		Understanding a TV guide		acquisition).
		Learning about young peoples' lives	present tense of preferir (full paradigm) making comparisons:	
			más que	
			using the correct article preterite of hacer	
			(full paradigm)	
			using the present and the preterite together	
			- time markers: normalmente, ayer	
			 developing reading skills 	
			 using layout and pictures to identify 	
			the context	
			looking for competence and programme	
			looking for cognates and near-cognates	
			- focusing on the information needed to do the task	
			third person singular of present tense and preterite,	
			regular / irregular verbs	
			- changing other sentence elements when using the third	
			person	
			using knowledge of key sounds to work	
			using knowledge of key sounds to work out pronunciation	
			present tense of	
			regular verbs: -ar,	
			-er, -ir and	
			stem-changing	
			using the comparative:	
			más + adjective	
			+ que	
			using the present tense and the preterite together	
			- saying years (e.g. mil novecientos ochenta	
			y siete)	
			– practising a presentation	



6 weeks	. A comort	Coving what food you like	al agua (faminina)	This tonis will impresse assette?
6 weeks	¡A comer!	Saying what food you like	el agua (feminine)	This topic will improve pupils'
		Describing mostimes	Me gusta(n) + definite article	understanding of different foods and mealtimes in the Hispanic world. It will
		Describing mealtimes		
		Ordering a mool	– pronunciation of ñ	also enable pupils to build upon and
		Ordering a meal	- looking for cognates and near-cognates	expand their vocabulary and vary
		Discussion what to have for a next.	negatives: no, nunca,	their use of negatives.
		Discussing what to buy for a party	no nada	
		Civing on account of a name	- use of desayunar / comer / cenar	
		Giving an account of a party	familiar / polite 'you': tú / usted / ustedes	
			using the present and	
			the preterite together	
			pronunciation of d between vowels (soft)	
			near future tense	
			(full paradigm)	
			reproduction of j	
			and II	
			using three tenses	
			(present, preterite,	
			near future) together	
			-ar verbs: 'we' form of	
			preterite/present	
			tense identical	
			developing speaking skills	
			- using 'fillers' to play	
			for time / to sound	
			more Spanish	
			asking someone to repeat / explain / speak more	
			slowly	
			listening and reacting appropriately	
			and the second appropriatory	
			direct object pronouns	
			– using connectives	
			– giving opinions	
			and reasons	
			negatives: no, nunca,	
			no nada	
			tú, usted, ustedes	
			near future tense	
			using three tenses together	



6 weeks	¿Qué hacemos?	Arranging to go out	a + el = al	This module looks at the use of high
O MCCKS	Z. Que Hacellos:	Arranging to go out	de + el = del	frequency modal verbs and the high
		Making excuses	conditional: me/te	frequency verbs with stem changes.
		Making excuses	gustaría + infinitive	
		Saying what other people look like.		Demonstrative adjectives are
		Saying what other people look like.	– pronunciation of h (silent)	introduced, along with a wider variety
		Talking shout slathes	stem-changing verbs	of sequencers and frequency
		Talking about clothes	querer, poder	expressions.
		Tall do not be not an author account.	(present tense)	
		Talking about sporting events	- tener vs tener que	
			+ infinitive	
			- questions with ¿Quieres? and	
			¿Te gustaría?	
			G reflexive verbs	
			(present tense)	
			- frequency expressions	
			- sequencers	
			adjective agreement	
			(colour adjectives)	
			demonstrative	
			adjective este/esta/	
			estos/estas	
			 pronunciation of j and z 	
			using three tenses	
			(present, preterite,	
			near future) together	
			 developing writing skills 	
			 using an English-Spanish dictionary: dictionary 	
			abbreviations, words with more than one meaning,	
			changing adjective endings	
			structures with two	
			verbs	
			(present tense)	
			reflexive verbs	
			(present tense)	
			adjective endings	
			(colour adjectives)	
			referring to the present, past	
			and future	
			demonstrative	
			adjective este/esta/	
			estos/estas	
			- pronunciation of que and qui	
			Francisco de des ene de	
	J			



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6 weeks	<u>Operación verano</u>	Describing a holiday home	ser and estar	In the context of holiday activities,
		Discoursian many shout the same and the	(including stress	pupils will revisit previously learnt
		Discovering more about the comparative	accent: esta vs está)	vocabulary and sentence structures
		Describing holiday activities	comparative: más/menos +	and will also develop and expand
		Describing holiday activities	adjective + que	their basic knowledge for expressing opinions. They will also learn
		Using the superlative	se puede(n) + infinitive	language that will enable them to
		Using the superiative	superlative:	seek out help and advice with giving
		Asking for directions	el/la/los/las más +	or receiving directions
		Adding for directions	adjective + de	or reserving unconoris
		Using the imperative	imperative: tú form	
			– pronunciation of z	
		Talking about summer camps	using three tenses	
		,	(present, preterite,	
		Learning more about using three tenses	near future) together	
			– using fillers to play	
		Describing a world trip	for time	
			– pronunciation:	
		Tackling challenging listening	trema (ü)	
			 developing listening skills: tackling more challenging 	
		Extension: De vacaciones en España	listening passages	
			- listening for time expressions, verb tenses, points of	
		Discussing holiday destinations	view	
		Heine maior and noon	- listening for the gist	
		Using mejor and peor	irregular comparative:	
		Describing a town in your area	mejor/peor que	
		Describing a town in your area	irregular superlative: el/la/los/las	
		Creating a tourist brochure	mejor(es)/peor(es) de	
		Croating a tourist brooming	using different tenses	
			(preterite, near	
			future, conditional	
			me gustaría)	
			reading skills: focusing on what you can understand	
			- speaking skills:	
			reacting appropriately	
			the comparative	
			(más/menos que)	
			the superlative	
			(el/la/los/las más)	
			the imperative	
			(tú form) using different	
			time frames	
			- es (description) vs	
			está (location)	



5 weeks	¿qué opines de lo que comes y bebes?	What food you like/dislike and to what extent Why you like/dislike it What meals you eat every day	Time markers Providing a justification New adjectives The full present indicative conjugation of 'tomar', 'desayunar', 'cenar' and 'almorzar' 'This' and 'these' Revisit The full present indicative conjugation of regular AR verbs	FCSE Theme 3 Unit 6 This topic fits in well with FCSE Theme 2, Unit 4 and this course is begun now to enable the course to be completed by Easter.
		What you eat at each meal Foods that are healthy and those that are unhealthy	Noun to adjective agreement FCSE exam skills	