

<u>Timeline</u>	<u>Topic</u>	Key concepts and knowledge	Skills development	<u>Rationale</u>
7 weeks	Mi Vida	Getting used to Spanish pronunciation	G definite articles (el/la/los/las)	This topic builds on and
		Later description (1975)	G verb endings	reinforces the key phonetics met
		Introducing yourself	- introduction to Spanish pronunciation	in KS2. For those with no
		Talking about your personality	G adjectives that end in -o or -a	knowledge of Spanish, phonetics
		Tananaga a a a a a para a a a a a a a a a a a a	G making sentences	are introduced, with an emphasis
		Using adjectives that end in -o/-a	negative	on the vowels. There is an
			G ser (present, singular)	introduction to Spanish grammar and high frequency words.
		Talking about age, brothers and sisters	connectives: y, también, pero	and high frequency words.
		Using the verb tener	- pronunciation (stress	
		Osing the verb tener	on next to last syllable, accented words)	
		(to have)	G tener (present, singular)	
			G indefinite articles (un/una)	
		Saying when your birthday is	- pronunciation of n and ñ	
			- pronunciation of b and v	
		Using numbers and	 reading strategies: using patterns 	
		the alphabet	G adjective forms (masculine and feminine, singular and plural)	
		Talking about your pets	- pronunciation of r and rr	
		Taking about your pets	- intensifiers: muy, un poco, bastante	
		Making adjectives agree with nouns	 developing writing skills 	
			 making your writing interesting 	
		Writing a text for a time capsule	 high-frequency words 	
		Adding variety to your writing	G the indefinite article (un/una)	
		Adding variety to your writing	G the definite article (el/la/los/las)	
			G regular verbs (hablar, vivir – present, singular)	
			G irregular verbs (ser, tener – present, singular)	
			G adjectives (masculine and feminine, singular and	
			plural)	
			G making verbs negative	
			– saying new words	
			- developing writing skills	
			 using a dictionary to find new words 	



Saying what you like to do Giving opinions using me gusta + infinitive Saying what you do in your spare time Using -ar verbs in the present tense Talking about the weather Using cuando (when) Saying what sports you do Using hacer (to do) and jugar (to play) Reading about different hobbies Understanding more challenging texts Taking part in a longer conversation Using question words Learning about Christmas in Spain Writing an acrostic about Christmas	G the infinitive — pronunciation of j and d — using porque to give a reason — non-literal translations G present tense of regular -ar verbs (full paradigm) — expressions of frequency: todos los días, a veces, nunca, de vez en cuando — pronunciation of II — cuando as a connective G present tense of hacer (irregular verb, full paradigm) G present tense of jugar (stem-changing verb, full paradigm) — giving opinions — pronunciation of c before e and i (soft) — developing reading skills — recognising cognates and near-cognates — using context to work out the meaning of new words — developing speaking skills — using question words — making sentences more interesting G the infinitive and the three verb endings (-ar, -er, -ir) G present tense -ar verbs (hablar) G stem-changing verbs (jugar) G irregular verbs (hacer) G verbs with the infinitive — me gusta (mucho) / no me gusta (nada) + infinitive	More high frequency words are introduced along with opinion phrases with me gusta +infinitive Understand people talking about their likes and dislikes, and the reasons for them Practise giving opinions using me gusta + infinitive
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Saying what subjects you study Using -ar verbs to say what 'we' do Using -ar verbs to say what 'we' do Giving opinions about school subjects Using me gusta(n) + el/la/los/las Using me gusta(n) + el/la/los/las Describing your school Using the words for 'a', 'some' and 'the' Talking about break time Using -er and -ir verbs Using rediction as a listening strategy Writing a longer text about your school Checking your written work is accurate G'we' form of -ar verbs - y (meaning 'and') changes to e before words beginning with i- or hi- or hi- pronunciation of c (when hard or soft) los lunes (on Mondays) G using the direct article (el/la/los/las) when giving opinions about subjects G checking verbs, definite articles and adjectival agreement in sentences giving opinions - pronunciation of g (when hard or soft) - using porque to give reasons for opinions G plural definite articles unos/unas (meaning 'the') - hay + indefinite articles - no hay + no article G present tense of regular -er and -ir verbs (full paradigms) - use of sequencers to extend writing, e.g. primero, luego, normalmente, a veces, - developing listening skills - using prediction; questions and pictures as clues Pupils are beginning to listen to answers Understand people talking abos school subjects and opinions - Create dialogues about a school timetable Talk about their favourite scho Use knowledge of cognates are cognates to work out vocabula school subjects - no hay + no article G present tense of regular -er and -ir verbs (full paradigms) - use of sequencers to extend writing, e.g. primero, luego, normalmente, a veces, - developing listening skills - using prediction; questions and pictures as clues	heck
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- using prediction; questions and pictures as clues	1001
- trying to predict while listening	
Reading about the right to education — developing writing skills — checking grammar, spelling, accents	
Creating an action plan for a school in using connectives, intensifiers, sequencers and expressions of frequency	
Guatemala G me gusta/me gustan	
me encanta/me encantan	
G adjectives (agreement with sing., plural, masc., fem. nouns)	
G the definite and indefinite articles	
G present tense verbs (regular -ar, -er and -ir verbs)	
 developing reading strategies: looking for cognates and 	
near-cognates, using context and pictures for clues	



6 weeks	Mi familia y mis amigos	Describing your family	G possessive adjectives:	Phonics, grammar and high frequency
o weeks	ivii idiiiiid y iiiis difilgOS	Describing your raining	mi/tu/su and mis/tus/sus	words are revisited. Students will look
		Using possessive adjectives	G irregular verbs tener and ser	at pronouncing diphthongs and will
		Osing possessive adjectives	G position of adjectives (after the noun)	start to learn how to use dictionaries,
		Describing your hair and eye colour	pronunciation of I and II G agreement of adjectives with nouns	after having identified new words in a
		Section System Control	pronunciation of diphthongs	text.
		Using the verbs ser and tener	- using intensifiers	
			G the verb estar	
		Saying what other people look like	developing dictionary skills looking up nouns, adjectives and verbs	
			developing speaking skills	
		Using verbs in the third person	 using connectives, intensifiers, adjectives and giving 	
			opinions	
		Describing where you live	 developing presentation skills: speaking from notes and practising 	
			G possessive adjectives:	
		Using the verb estar (to be)	mi/tu/su and mis/tus/sus	
			G adjectives (agreement with nouns) G irregular verbs (tener,	
		Reading about the carnival in Cadiz	ser)	
		Lashing on pass Casaish orands in a	G ser and estar	
		Looking up new Spanish words in a		
		dictionary		
		dictionary		
		Creating a video about yourself		
		Planning and giving a presentation		
		Zona Proyecto:		
		Describing a painting		
		December on south and the south		
		Recording an audio or video guide to a		
		painting		
		Panting		



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6 weeks	Mi Ciudad	Describing your town or village	G un/una, unos/unas and muchos/muchas	This topic revisits and builds on:
		l	G ir – to go (present tense)	Places in town from KS2
		Using 'a', 'some' and 'many' in Spanish		Using hay to describe what there is
		- w	pronunciation of z	
		Telling the time		Verbs of opinion
			- contraction of a and el to form al	Knowledge of qualifiers
		Using the verb ir (to go)	G stem-changing verb querer	Places in town from KS2
			G the near future tense (voy, vas, va, etc.	Days of the week
		Ordering in a café	+ infinitive)	Knowledge of masculine and feminine
		Mala at the county and an order of the county	– pronunciation of	nouns
		Using the verb querer (to want)	b and v	Knowledge of verb conjugation
		On in much at your and make at a state of	using sequencers primero, luego, finalmente	patterns
		Saying what you are going to do at the	- developing listening skills	Knowledge of verbs followed by the
		weekeed	- listening for small words, positive and negative	infinitive
		weekend	opinions using adjectives, distractors, distinguishing	Knowledge of clock times
		Using the near future tense	between two different voices – developing writing skills	Knowledge of basic negatives
		Using the hear future tense	using two tenses, connectives, intensifiers, and time	
		Understanding people describing their	expressions	
		Onderstanding people describing their	checking written work	
		town	G 'a' (un/una),	
		town	'some' (unos/unas) and 'many' (muchos/muchas)	
		Listening for detail	G the verb ir (to go)	
		Liotorining for dotain	G the near future tense	
		Writing a blog about your town and	G using two tenses together	
		activities		
		Learning about Spanish festivals		
		Creating a brochure about a fiesta		



5 weeks	El Libro de la Vida	Mexican traditions – El día de los	Geography	This topic builds on work covered
2 WEEK2		Muertos	Geography Traditions	This topic builds on work covered throughout the year but with a cross-curricular theme to build more cultural
		Describing a plot	Other cultures	curricular theme to build more cultural
		Describing a plot Opinions about characters Actions of the characters	Traditional music	capital.
		Actions of the characters	Social skills	
		Describing a place		