

<u>Timeline</u>	<u>Topic</u>	Key concepts and knowledge	Skills development	<u>Rationale</u>
Y7 (1) - 6	What is History /	CONFLICT: Impact of invasion on	Thinking like a Historian – skills developed in	To establish understanding of
weeks (11	Chronology?	pre Norman society.	lessons.	the purpose of history and its
lessons)				value as a subject.
	Anglo-Saxons and	SOCIETY : Construction of pre	Employability skills:	
	Medieval monarchy	Norman society	Investigation	To give students an
			Self-management	understanding of chronology
			Oracy	and meaning of BC / AD (CE)
		L1: What is history?	Communication	and that history is broken
		L2: Understanding chronology	Informed	down into 5 main eras. This
		(A)	Literacy	gives structure / placement in
		L3: Where did the Celts go?	Numeracy	time to our future units of
		L4: Who were the Anglo-	Creativity	study.
		Saxons?	Problem solving	
		L5: Archaeology: Thinking like an	Summarize	Gives understanding of British
		Historian. 1 - How do we know	Recall	ancestry and the people who
		about the Anglo-Saxons?		have inhabited Britain
		L6: Anglo-Saxon control of the	Career link:	
		people & social hierarchy	Archaeology	Shows the impact of invasion
		L7: Vikings & Alfred the Great	Archivist	and the changes it has on
		L8: Ethelred the Unready	Historian	society
		L9: The Greatest Viking (A)	Teaching	
		L10: Edward the Confessor		Give background information
		L11: Was the Anglo-Saxon	British Values:	as to how the Normans came
		period a 'Golden Age'?	Tolerance of Different	to rule England which is our
			Cultures	second unit of study
			Rule of Law	
				Provides opportunity to
				introduce the overriding
				concepts of our KS3 History:
				Conflict and Society



Y7 (2) - 10 weeks (16	Normans and medieval life	CONFLICT (Normans): Claims to the English throne and the	Thinking like a Historian – skills developed in lessons.	To give students a deeper understanding of British
lessons)		Norman invasion		ancestry (From Celt / Anglo-
			Employability skills:	Saxon through to Noman).
		SOCIETY (Normans): Impact of	Problem solving	What are the origins of British
		the Norman rule on English	Summarise	society?
		society	Informed	
			Independent work	To study a significant moment
		L1: William's preparation for	Research	in the History of this Island –
		invasion	Self-management	the last time England was
		L2: Harold Hardrada: Battle of	Oracy	successfully invaded.
		Fulford Gate & Stamford Bridge	Communication	Considering why the invasion
		L3: The Battle of Hastings (A)	Creativity	happened, how England was
		L4: The utility of the Bayeux	Numeracy	'won /lost' and the impact
		Tapestry	Literacy	that this had on society.
		L5: The Conquest of England	Recall	
		L6: William the castle builder		To show difference in
		L7: Norman control of the	Career link:	meaning of 'conflict'.
		population (castles)	Medieval historian	Normans / warfare and the
		L8: William's control England	Clergy	conflict between Church, the
		(Feudal system)	Theologian	people and king.
		L9: How did life change under	Human rights law	
		the Normans (Society)	Military	Study the 2 nd order concepts
		L10: How did life change under	Engineer	of significance, cause &
		the Normans (Church)	Mason	consequence and continuity
		L11: Change and continuity: A.S	Historian	& change.
		V Norman rule (A)	Architect	
			Heritage and conservation work	Allows continuation of
			National trust	overriding concepts of our
				KS3 History: Conflict and
				Society



CONFLICT (Medieval life): Tensions between the Church, the people and the king SOCIETY (Medieval life): Impact of these tensions on the medieval life	British Values: Democracy Rule of law Individual liberty Mutual respect Tolerance of difference cultures	
L12: Organisation of the Church & The Murder of Thomas Becket L13: Magna Carta L14: Origins of Parliament (Barons V Henry III) L15: Black Death (A) L16: Peasants Revolt		



Y7 (3) - 6	The Crusades and	CONFLICT : The fight for	Thinking like a Historian – skills developed in	To establish an understanding
weeks (11	their consequences	Jerusalem and the wider	lessons.	of the role of religion in
lessons)		consequences of this		conflict and to develop the
			Employability skills:	understanding of more
		SOCIETY : Crusading Western	Investigation	diverse culture in conflict
		civilisations, comparisons to	Self-management	(following on from Anglo
		Islamic society in the East	Oracy	Saxons and Normans)
			Communication	
		L1: The Islamic Golden Age 8 th	Informed	To learn in depth about
		to 13 th century and the origins	Literacy	Eastern society in Medieval
		of control in Jerusalem	Numeracy	times and compare to what
		L2: What were the causes of the	Creativity	they already know about
		First Crusade in 1095?	Problem solving	Western society.
		L3: The First Crusade – was it	Summarize	
		really a success for the West?	Recall	
		(A)		To understand the concepts
		L4: Who were the crusaders and	Career link:	of Holy War and Jihad in
		why did they fight?	Archaeology	order to be able to frame
		L5: Saladin "the Merciful" v	Politician	modern day events in
		Richard "the Lionheart"	Diplomat	context.
		L6: The Siege of Acre 1189-91		
		(3 rd Crusade) features of	British Values:	
		crusader warfare	Tolerance of Different	
		L7: How did the Third Crusade	Cultures	To begin to consider the long-
		affect English society?	Rule of Law	term impacts of international
		L8: The Children's Crusade –		conflict which will be
		myth or madness?		developed in later modules
		L9: The Fourth Crusade – an		
		unholy war?		
		L10: Who gained from the		
		crusades?		
		L11: End of unit test (A)		



Yr. 7 (4) 6	Tudor Society	CONFLICT : The impact of	Thinking like a Historian – skills developed in	To begin to consider the role
weeks (11		religious conflict, conflict over	lessons.	of females in society,
lessons)		female rule and the fear of		particularly as non-ruling
		invasion	Employability skills:	Queens – how much power
			Investigation	and influence did they have?
		SOCIETY : How did Tudor society	Self-management	
		form the basis of the British	Oracy	
		Empire? How diverse was Tudor	Communication	To consider the role of a
		society? How far did	Informed	ruling female monarch – how
		government get involved in the	Literacy	far was this different from a
		lives of ordinary people?	Numeracy	non-ruling queen? These
			Creativity	two features develop the
		L1: How far did women have	Problem solving	earlier topics which focus on
		power? Catherine of Aragon v	Summarize	male rule. It also introduces
		Ann Boleyn	Recall	students to the idea of
		L2:The religious rollercoaster		"selective history" which is
		and the impact on society 1 –	Career link:	further developed when
		Edward VI	Social worker	looking at Black Tudor
		L3: The religious rollercoaster	Travel writer	society.
		and the impact on society 2 – Mary I	Armed forces	
		L4: The religious rollercoaster	British Values:	To begin to consider different
		and the impact on society 3 –	Tolerance of Different	social groups within society in
		Elizabeth I	Cultures	more depth, particularly
		L5: Elizabeth I v Mary Queen of	Rule of Law	marginalised groups.
		Scots – who was the better		
		Queen? (A)		To develop the concept of
		L6: How far did English		invasion as opposed to
		privateers get in Elizabethan		settlement (The Anglo-
		England?		Saxons)
		L7: what was the impact of		
		exploration on English society in		To trace the development of
		Elizabethan times?		government involvement in



L8: The Spanish Armada – how	ordinary society with the poor
close to invasion did England	law which is developed in
get?	later modules.
L9: Did Elizabeth care about her	
people? The Poor Law	
L10: Britain's first black	
community in London	
L11: End of unit test (A)	



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Y7 (5) - 6	English Civil War	CONFLICT: Unresolvable conflict	Thinking like a Historian – skills developed in	To give students an
weeks (12		 Why did England go to war 	lessons.	understanding of another
lessons)		with itself?		aspect of conflict e.g. 'civil
				war' and the causes of a civil
		SOCIETY: Societal changes due	Employability skills:	war.
		to Civil War and rule of	Investigation	
		Cromwell – was England a	Self-management	Students to understand the
		better place as a result of Civil	Oracy	role of the 'monarch' from
		War?	Communication	the beginning of the civil war
			Informed	to the end of the
		L1: What is a 'Civil War'?	Literacy	interregnum. Did killing the
		L2: Why did Charles I become	Numeracy	king, kill the monarchy?
		unpopular? – Causes (A)	Creativity	
		L3: Why did the English start	Problem solving	Students will then investigate
		fighting each other?	Summarize	the leadership of Oliver
		L4: Roundheads Vs Cavaliers	Recall	Cromwell and the impact this,
		(Tactics and weapons used)		and the previous conflict, had
		L5: Key Battles and the New	Career link:	on society (changes and
		Model Army	Archivist	continuity).
		L6: Regicide – Charles gets the	Historian	
		chop!	Teaching	Allows for links/connections
		L7: The man who banned		to be made between past and
		Christmas	British Values:	present rule of the United
		L8: Cromwell – Hero or Villain?	Democracy	Kingdom, and the impact this
		L9: Restoration	Rule of Law	has had on society – changing
		L10: Glorious 'Revolution'		of relationship between
		L11: Was England a better place		parliament and ruler.
		after the English Civil War? (was		Continuity from previous
		it worth it) (A)		modules tracing the
				importance of religion in
				conflict and impact on
				society.
				society.



		Provides opportunity to
		introduce the overriding
		concepts of our KS3 History:
		Conflict and Society